VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT April 30, 2019

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FINANCIAL SECTION



VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable President and Board of Trustees Village of Stickney, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Stickney, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Stickney Police Pension Fund, which represent 97 percent, 101 percent, and 94 percent, respectively, of the assets, fund balances/net position, and revenues/additions of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Stickney Police Pension Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Stickney, Illinois, as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the Village of Stickney, Illinois implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions which resulted in an adjustment to beginning net position for governmental activities, business-type activities and the Water Fund.

In addition, as also discussed in Note 11, the Village of Stickney, Illinois corrected an error in the water accounts receivable balance reported in prior year financial statements resulting in an adjustment to beginning net position in business-type activities and the Water Fund. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedules of contributions, schedule of funding progress, and schedule of investment rate of return on pages 3-10 and 56-66 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Stickney, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hillside, Illinois

February 13, 2020

I W & Associates, P.C.

As management of the Village of Stickney ("Village"), we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Village's financial statements. An overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village's component unit, the Police Pension Fund, can be found in the Police Pension Fund's separately issued financial statements.

Financial Highlights

At April 30, 2019, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Village exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,802,116 (negative net position).

The government's total net position decreased by \$1,400,762 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019 (FY19). The governmental net position decreased by \$1,873,410 and the business-type activities net position increased by \$472,648.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,692,894, a decrease of \$707,017 from the prior year. Approximately \$1,079,343 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

The proprietary fund had an ending fund balance of \$4,638,145, an increase of \$472,648 (after restatement) from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the Village's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Over time increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The Governmental Activities reflect the Village's basic services, including administration, public safety, highways and streets, and culture and recreation. Property taxes, shared state taxes and local utility taxes finance the majority of these services. The Business-Type Activities reflect private sector-type operations where the fee for service typically covers all or most of the cost of operations, including depreciation.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains three individual major governmental funds:

- General Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- Motor Fuel Tax Fund

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the funds listed above, all of which are considered to be major funds. Information from the Village's other governmental funds are combined into a single column presentation. Individual fund information for these nonmajor governmental funds is provided elsewhere in the report.

The Village maintains one type of proprietary fund (enterprise). Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the water fund.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Village. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used by proprietary funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements this report also includes certain required supplementary information related to budgetary information and the Village's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other benefits to its employees. Nonmajor fund information can be found following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position

The following chart reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions):

	Governr	mental	Business-Type		Total P	rimary
	Activ	ies Activ		vities	Gover	nment
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Assets						
Current and						
other assets	\$ 5.2	\$ 5.7	\$ 3.9	\$ 3.5	\$ 9.1	\$ 9.2
Capital assets	14.3	14.7	1.4	1.5_	15.7	16.2
Total Assets	19.5	20.4	5.3	5.0	24.8	25.4
Deferred Outflows						
Deferred pension						
outflows	2.5	2.8	0.2	0.1	2.7	2.9
Liabilities						
Other liabilities	1.7	1.3	0.2	0.2	1.9	1.5
Long-term liabilities	27.1	24.9	0.6	0.2	27.7	25.1
Total Liabilities	28.8	26.2	0.8	0.4	29.6	26.6
Deferred Inflows						
Deferred pension						
inflows	2.1	1.3	0.1	0.1	2.2	1.4
Property taxes	1.6	1.5			1.6	1.5
Total Inflows	3.7	2.8	0.1	0.1	3.8	2.9
Net Position						
Net investment in						
capital assets	6.8	7.1	1.4	1.5	8.2	8.6
Restricted	1.4	1.1	-	-	1.4	1.1
Unrestricted	(18.6)	(14.0)	3.2	3.1	(15.4)	(10.9)
Total Net Position	\$ (10.4)	\$ (5.8)	\$ 4.6	\$ 4.6	\$ (5.8)	\$ (1.2)

The largest portion of the Village's net position reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The Village of Stickney uses the capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently,

these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A much smaller portion of net position reflects the Village's resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The unrestricted net position for the current year is a negative \$15.4 million mainly due to the Police Pension Liability (GASB 68).

At the end of the current year the Village has a negative balance in total net position.

The following chart reflects the condensed Statement of Activities (in millions):

	Governr Activi			Business-Type Activities		rimary nment	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1.7	\$ 1.7	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.6	\$ 5.4	\$ 5.3	
Oper. grants/contrib.	0.2	0.2	-	-	0.2	0.2	
Cap. grants/contrib.	-	0.1	-	-	-	0.1	
General revenues							
Property taxes	3.4	3.6	-	-	3.4	3.6	
Other taxes	3.0	2.8	-	-	3.0	2.8	
Other	0.2		-		0.2		
Total Revenues	8.5	8.4	3.7	3.6	12.2	12.0	
Expenses							
General government	1.7	1.8	-	_	1.7	1.8	
Public safety	6.7	6.2	-	_	6.7	6.2	
Public works	1.6	1.4	-	_	1.6	1.4	
Culture and recreation	0.1	0.1	-	_	0.1	0.1	
Interest long-term debt	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.3	0.3	
Water	-	-	3.2	2.9	3.2	2.9	
Total Expenses	10.4	9.8	3.2	2.9	13.6	12.7	
Change in Net Position	(1.9)	(1.4)	0.5	0.7	(1.4)	(0.7)	
Ending Net Position	\$ (10.4)	\$ (5.8)	\$ 4.6	\$ 4.6	\$ (5.8)	\$ (1.2)	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds: The focus of the Village's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of roughly \$2.7 million, a decrease of \$707 thousand in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$1.1 million constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.2 million, while the total fund balance was \$1.4 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Village's General Fund decreased by \$875 thousand during the current fiscal year. Total revenues increased by approximately \$67 thousand while expenditures increased by approximately \$382 thousand. The most significant increases in expenditures were employee insurance (up \$165 thousand), police patrolmen salaries (up \$165 thousand) and contributions to the pension fund (up \$120 thousand).

The following three revenues represented the largest source of funds for the general fund during FY19:

Property Taxes \$2.5 million Intergovernmental Revenues \$1.8 million Other Taxes \$1.3 million

The following three expenditures represented the largest use of funds for the general fund during FY19:

Police Department \$2.9 million
Fire Department \$1.3 million
Contributions to pension fund \$1.0 million

The fund balance of the Village's Debt Service Fund increased by \$113,386 from the prior year. The Village's property tax collection for the Debt Service Fund covered all of the principal and interest paid on the Village's debt.

Proprietary Funds: The Village's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Net position of the Water Fund at the end of the year amounted to \$4,638,145, an increase of \$472,648 (after restatement) from the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The following chart reflects the condensed Budgetary Comparison Schedule:

	Adopted Budget		Actual
General Fund	 buuget		Actual
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 5,942,186	\$	5,501,483
Other	 1,610,641		1,862,058
Total	7,552,827		7,363,541
Expenditures:	7,415,966		7,838,773
Transfer	400,000		400,000
Total	7,815,966		8,238,773
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	\$ (263,139)	\$	(875,232)

Revenues came in under budget mainly due to property tax revenue being less than projected. Expenditures were over budget is mainly attributable to employee insurance being \$211 thousand higher than expected. A transfer of \$400,000 to the Capital Fund was budgeted for and transferred during the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The largest portion of the Village of Stickney's net position reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, land improvements and equipment) less any related debts used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to users of the Village and are not available for future spending.

As of April 30, 2019, the Village had capital assets net of depreciation of \$14,278,670 for governmental funds and \$1,400,252 for the Water Fund. Annual depreciation was \$553,052 and \$107,490, respectively.

The Village invested roughly \$356 thousand in capital assets during the year. The largest investments were for vehicles and trucks for \$156 thousand and equipment for \$111 thousand.

For more detailed information related to capital assets, see note 6 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At April 30, 2019, the Village had outstanding debt as follows:

General Obligation Bonds Series 2008	\$ 140,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2015	715,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2019	5,965,000
Bond Premium	655,350
Time Due Payable	315,981
IMRF Net Pension Liability	1,976,247
Police Net Pension Liability	15,345,097
Net OPEB Obligation	3,554,856
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 28,667,531

Bond debt principal paid during the year was \$6,730,000 while interest expense was \$303,960. During FY19 the Village refinanced both the Series 2008 and 2011 Bonds with the Series 2019 issuance. There were no changes in credit ratings and/or any debt limitations that may affect the financing of planned facilities or services. For more detailed information related to long-term debt, see Note 7 to the financial statements.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Village's citizens, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or would like to request additional information contact the Village Treasurer, Village of Stickney, 6533 Pershing Road, Stickney, Illinois, 60402.

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION APRIL 30, 2019

	Governmental	Business - Type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
Assets			
Current			
Cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$ 2,129,012	\$ 4,212,279	\$ 6,341,291
Property taxes receivable	1,649,854	-	1,649,854
Other governmental receivables	433,760	-	433,760
Accounts receivable	212,012	298,506	510,518
Internal balances	576,229	(576,229)	
Other assets	242,100	-	242,100
Non-current			
Construction in progress	39,273	-	39,273
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,349,598	25,575	1,375,173
Capital assets being depreciated, net	12,889,799	1,374,677	14,264,476
Total assets	19,521,637	5,334,808	24,856,445
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Deferred pension outflows	2,535,792	181,488	2,717,280
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,535,792	181,488	2,717,280
Liabilities			
Current			
Accounts payable	162,653	169,324	331,977
Accrued payroll	565,378	31,106	596,484
Due to Police Pension	6,241	-	6,241
Accrued interest payable	60,807	-	60,807
Current portion - bonds payable	945,142	-	945,142
Non-current			
Bonds payable	6,530,208	-	6,530,208
Net pension liability - IMRF	1,678,647	297,600	1,976,247
Net pension liability - Police	15,345,097	-	15,345,097
Total OPEB liability	3,233,826	321,030	3,554,856
Time-due payable	315,981	· -	315,981
Total liabilities	28,843,980	819,060	29,663,040
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred pension inflows	2,061,293	59,091	2,120,384
Property taxes	1,592,417	-	1,592,417
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,653,710	59,091	3,712,801
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	6,764,047	1,400,252	8,164,299
Restricted for	3,7 0 1,0 17	_, .50,252	5,25 1,255
Special revenue	764,877	-	764,877
Capital projects	9,170	-	9,170
Debt service	597,404	-	597,404
Unrestricted	(18,575,759)	3,237,893	(15,337,866
Total net position	\$ (10,440,261)	\$ 4,638,145	\$ (5,802,116

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

			Program Revenues	1	Net (Expense)	Revenue and Changes in Net	Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 1,695,060	\$ 684,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,010,895)	\$ -	\$ (1,010,895)
Public safety	6,666,806	683,862	-	-	(5,982,944)	-	(5,982,944)
Public works	1,627,267	328,804	208,285	-	(1,090,178)	-	(1,090,178)
Parks & recreation	131,948	35,830	-	-	(96,118)	-	(96,118)
Interest on long-term debt	298,205	-	-	-	(298,205)	-	(298,205)
Total governmental activities	10,419,286	1,732,661	208,285	-	(8,478,340)		(8,478,340)
Business-Type Activities							
Water	3,209,886	3,666,580	-	-	-	456,694	456,694
Total business-type activities	3,209,886	3,666,580		-	-	456,694	456,694
Total primary government	\$ 13,629,172	\$ 5,399,241	\$ 208,285	\$ -	(8,478,340)	456,694	(8,021,646)
General Revenues							
Taxes							
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					3,354,806	-	3,354,806
Public service taxes					3,001,210	-	3,001,210
Sale of village property					58,562	-	58,562
Miscellaneous					157,416	-	157,416
Unrestricted investment earnings					32,936	15,954	48,890
Total general revenues					6,604,930	15,954	6,620,884
Change in Net Position					(1,873,410)	472,648	(1,400,762)
Net Position - April 30, 2018 (Restated)					(8,566,851)	4,165,497	(4,401,354)
Net Position - April 30, 2019					\$ (10,440,261)	\$ 4,638,145	\$ (5,802,116)

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2019

	Major Funds									
		General Fund	Se	Debt ervice Fund		otor Fuel ax Fund		onmajor ernmental Funds		Total
Assets										
Cash	\$	1,003,263	\$	107,731	\$	20,031	\$	34,105	\$	1,165,130
Investments		131,460		-		718,610		113,812		963,882
Property taxes receivable		1,239,957		409,897		-		-		1,649,854
Other governmental receivables		433,760		-		-		-		433,760
Other receivables		196,991		-		15,021		-		212,012
IRMA deposits		242,100		-		-		-		242,100
Interfund receivable		702,134		612,803		7,833		9,696		1,332,466
Total assets	\$	3,949,665	\$	1,130,431	\$	761,495	\$	157,613	\$	5,999,204
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	73,157	\$	140,000	\$	-	\$	89,495	\$	302,652
Due to police pension	•	6,241		-	·	_	•	, -	•	6,241
Accrued payroll		565,378		-		-		_		565,378
Interfund payable		612,803		-		10,570		132,864		756,237
Total liabilities		1,257,579		140,000		10,570		222,359		1,630,508
Deferred inflows of resources										
Property taxes		1,198,397		393,027		-		-		1,591,424
Unavailable revenue		83,384						994		84,378
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,281,781		393,027		-		994	_	1,675,802
Fund balances										
Nonspendable for IRMA		242,100		-		-		-		242,100
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		-		9,170		9,170
Restricted for debt service		-		597,404		-		-		597,404
Restricted for streets		-		-		750,925		-		750,925
Restricted for police activities		-		-		-		13,952		13,952
Unassigned		1,168,205						(88,862)		1,079,343
Total fund balances		1,410,305		597,404		750,925		(65,740)		2,692,894
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	3,949,665	\$	1,130,431	\$	761,495	\$	157,613	\$	5,999,204

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,692,894
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position differ because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	14,278,670
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are unavailable in the funds:	
Intergovernmental receivables	83,384
Deferred outflows of resources applicable to the Village's pensions activities do not involve available financial resources and accordingly	
are not reported on the fund financial statements	2,535,792
Deferred inflows of resources applicable to the Village's pensions activities do not involve available financial resources and accordingly	
are not reported on the fund financial statements	(2,061,293)
Some liabilities reported in the statements of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. These liabilities consist of:	
General obligation bonds	(7,475,350)
Less debt payment accrued on governmental fund	
balance sheet	140,000
Accrued interest on general obligation bonds Time-due payable	(60,807) (315,981)
Total OPEB liability	(3,233,826)
Net pension liabilities	(3,233,820)
The period in manifest	 (17,020,711)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (10,440,261)

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues	4 0.5000	4			
Property taxes	\$ 2,453,899	\$ 900,907	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,354,806
Intergovernmental revenues	1,793,217	-	-		1,793,217
Other taxes	1,254,367	-	-	75,286	1,329,653
Licenses & permits	526,797	-	-	-	526,797
Fines & fees	921,526	-	-	-	921,526
Motor fuel tax allotments	-	-	208,285	-	208,285
Special events	14,221	-	-	-	14,221
Miscellaneous	389,050	-	-	-	389,050
Program revenue	-	-	-	21,759	21,759
Investment income	10,464	6,439	14,016	2,017	32,936
Total revenues	7,363,541	907,346	222,301	99,062	8,592,250
Expenditures Current					
Executive & legislative	68,200	-	-	-	68,200
Administration	370,730	-	-	-	370,730
Professional services	225,741	-	-	-	225,741
Police department	2,910,346	-	-	-	2,910,346
Fire department	1,332,376	-	-	-	1,332,376
Public works	718,654	-	-	-	718,654
Public buildings & grounds	231,067	-	-	-	231,067
Miscellaneous	434	-	-	-	434
Sanitation department	386,201	-	-	-	386,201
Insurance	175,393	-	-	-	175,393
Auditing	27,750	-	-	-	27,750
Municipal retirement	344,586	-	-	-	344,586
Contributions to pension fund	1,004,073	-	-	-	1,004,073
Parks & recreation	43,222	-	-	-	43,222
Capital projects	-	-	-	474,108	474,108
Program expenditures	-	-	53,073	139,353	192,426
Debt service			,	•	,
Principal	-	490,000	-	-	490,000
Interest	-	303,960	-	-	303,960
Issuance cost	-	156,500	-	-	156,500
Total expenditures	7,838,773	950,460	53,073	613,461	9,455,767
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(475,232)	(43,114)	169,228	(514,399)	(863,517)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bond Proceeds	_	5,965,000	_	_	5,965,000
Bond Premium	_	645,561	_	_	645,561
Bond Refinancing		(6,454,061)		_	(6,454,061)
Transfers in		(0,434,001)		400,000	400,000
Transfers (out)	(400,000)			400,000	(400,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		156,500		400,000	156,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	(875,232)	113,386	169,228	(114,399)	(707,017)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,285,537	484,018	581,697	48,659	3,399,911
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 1,410,305	\$ 597,404	\$ 750,925	\$ (65,740)	\$ 2,692,894

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (707,017)

Amounts reported in the governmental activities in the statement of activities differ due to the following reasons:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period is shown below

Capital outlay \$ 356,605 Capital disposals (203,205) Depreciation (553,052)

(399,652)

Various tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are unavailable in the fund statements.

The change from the prior fiscal year totals:

(46,374)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to the governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal consumes the current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when the debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long term debt.

Principal repayment 490,000
Principal refund 6,380,000
Amortization of bond premium 13,973
Bond Issuance (5,965,000)

Premium issuance (645,561) Change in accrued interest 65,843

339,255

The increase in future salary obligations will not be paid with current financial resources and therefore is not recorded in the fund statements

Change in time due payable
Change in net OPEB obligation
Change in IMRF net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows
Change in police net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows
(618,633)

(1,059,622)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (1,873,410)

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND APRIL 30, 2019

	Water Fund
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,212,279
Accounts receivable (net of allowance)	298,50
Total current assets	4,510,78
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	25,57
Capital assets being depreciated, net	1,374,67
Total noncurrent assets	1,400,25
Total assets	5,911,03
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension outflows	181,48
Total deferred outflows of resources	181,48
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	169,32
Accrued payroll	31,10
Due to other funds	576,22
Total current liabilities	776,66
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net pension liability - IMRF	297,60
Total OPEB liability	321,02
Total noncurrent liabilities	618,62
Total liabilities	1,395,28
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension inflows	59,09
Total deferred inflow of resources	59,09
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	1,400,25
Unrestricted	3,237,89
Total net position	\$ 4,638,14

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	Water Fund	
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$	3,666,580
Total operating revenues		3,666,580
Operating Expenses		
Water purchases		2,185,776
Water administration		916,620
Depreciation		107,490
Total operating expenses		3,209,886
Net operating income (loss)		456,694
Nonoperating Revenues and (Expenses)		
Investment income		15,954
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		15,954
Net Income (Loss)		472,648
Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)		4,165,497
Net Position - End of Year	\$	4,638,145

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	Water Fund	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		_
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from customers	\$	3,674,834
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(2,715,076)
Cash payments to employees for services		(358,657)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		601,101
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities		
Interfund borrowing (lending)		227,575
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		227,575
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest and dividends on investments		15,954
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		15,954
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		844,630
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,367,649
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	4,212,279
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided		
by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	456,694
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net	·	
cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		107,490
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		8,254
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows		(73,087)
Increase (decrease) in payables		(2,714)
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll		13,601
Increase (decrease) in NPL		160,377
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows		(32,438)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		(37,076)
Total adjustments		144,407
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	601,101

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND APRIL 30, 2019

	T	Pension Trust Fund Police Pension Fund	
Assets	<u> </u>	440.045	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	449,915	
Investments			
US treasuries		586,585	
Municipal obligations		135,231	
Corporate obligations		1,769,321	
Common stock		254,239	
Equity mutual funds		1,914,775	
Total investments		4,660,151	
Due from municipality		6,241	
Prepaids		530	
Accrued interest		22,540	
Total assets		5,139,377	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		2,290	
Benefits due/unpaid		80,045	
Other payable		1,763	
Total liabilities		84,098	
Net position restricted for pensions	\$	5,055,279	

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	Police Pension Fund
Additions	
Contributions	
Employer	\$ 1,004,073
Plan members	155,904
Total contributions	1,159,977
Investment earnings	
Interest income	134,505
Net change in fair value	157,004
Less investment expenses	(14,724)
Total investment earnings	276,785
Total additions	1,436,762
Deductions	
Administration	52,239
Benefits and refunds	1,071,833
Refunds	51,333
Total deductions	1,175,405
Change in Net Position	261,357_
Net Position - Beginning of Year	4,793,922
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 5,055,279

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies of the Village of Stickney, Illinois are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the readers.

Introduction

The financial statements of the Village of Stickney, Illinois (the "Village") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Village's significant accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Village has adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, under which the financial statements include all the organizations, activities, functions, and component units for which the Village is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as an appointment of a voting majority of the component units' board and either (1) the Village's ability to impose its will over the component unit or (2) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the Village.

Because of the nature of the relationship of the Village and the Police Pension Fund, the Village has included the Police Pension Fund as a fiduciary component unit within the Village's basic financial statements. A financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Police Pension Fund is available from the Village of Stickney, 6533 West Pershing Road, Stickney, Illinois 60402.

Basis of Presentation

The Village's basic financial statements consist of Village-wide statements, including a statement of net position, statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information. The Village-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from activities of the fiscal period.

Village-Wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Village as a whole. In the Village-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Village-wide statement of activities reflects both the direct expenses and net cost of each function of the Village's governmental activities and business-like activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

or services offered by the program, grants, and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the Village, with certain limited exceptions.

The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each government function or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Village.

Fund Financial Statements – The financial transactions of the Village are recorded in individual funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and presented as nonmajor funds. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Presentation

Village-Wide Financial Statements – The Village-wide financial statements and fund financial statements for proprietary and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the balance sheet and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned, if measurable, and expenses are recognized as incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The Village has reported three categories of program revenues in the statement of activities: (1) charges for services, (2) program-specific operating grants and contributions, and (3) program-specific capital grants and contributions. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from external sources, such as the State of Illinois; they reduce the net cost of each function to be financed from the Village's general revenues. For identifying the function to which a program revenue pertains, the determining factor for charges for services is which function generates the revenue. For grants and contributions, the determining factor is the function to which the revenues are restricted.

Eliminations have been made in the statement of net position to remove the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column for amounts reported in the individual funds as interfund receivables and payables and advances. Similarly, operating transfers between funds have been eliminated in the statement of activities. Amounts reported in the governmental funds as receivable from

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

or payable to fiduciary funds have been reclassified in the statement of net position as accounts receivable or payable to external parties.

Fund Financial Statements — Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues accrued at the end of the year include real estate tax, state sales tax, state income tax, and motor fuel tax. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Village receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include taxes, grants, and donations. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Unavailable revenue is reported on the governmental fund balance sheet as a deferred inflow of resources. Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria. Unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received prior to the government having a legal claim to them. In a subsequent period, when both recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflow of resources is removed and the revenue recognized. Grant proceeds received by the Village before they are earned do not meet this criteria and are presented as a liability.

Proprietary funds separate all activity into two categories: operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods. Non-operating revenues and expenses entail all other activity not included in operating revenues and expenses. Non-operating revenues and expenses include capital and noncapital financing activities and investing activities.

When an expenditure/expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, it is the Village's policy to apply restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Differences occur from the manner in which the governmental activities and the Village-wide financial statements are prepared that are due to the inclusion of capital asset and long-term debt activity. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the Village-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: To account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Motor Fuel Tax Fund</u>: To account for activity of the Village's Motor Fuel Tax Allotments from the State of Illinois. This activity generally includes road resurfacing and other infrastructure improvements. The main revenue stream relates to funding from Motor Fuel Tax allotments.

In addition to the fund types mentioned above, the Village uses the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>: To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than debt service or major capital expenditures) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities that are not financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds account for operations that are (a) financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>Water Fund</u>: The fund accounts for the provision of waste water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and, therefore, cannot be used to support the Village's own programs.

<u>Police Pension Trust Fund</u>: The fund accounts for assets held by the Village as a trustee. The pension trust fund has resources that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the pension plan.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary fund types consider all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB 72. Fair values for Illinois Funds are the same as the value of the pool shares. State statute requires these funds to comply with the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act (30 ILCS 235).

Short-Term Receivables/Payable

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "advances from other funds" or "advances to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the Village-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, property, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the village-wide financial statements. As allowed by GASB Statement 34, the Village, as a phase-three government, has elected to report governmental activities infrastructure assets acquired subsequent to May 1, 2004. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with a useful life of more than one year and an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000.

All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

value on the date received. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land, site improvements, and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	20	Years
Buildings	15-40	Years
Furniture and Office Equipment	5-10	Years
Equipment	10	Years
Vehicles	3-20	Years
Waterworks System	50	Years
General Infrastructure Assets	40	Years

Compensated Absences Payable

An ordinance adopted by the Village Board of Trustees provides a written policy for sick leave and vacation for salaried and hourly-paid employees of the Village. In accordance with this ordinance, vacations must be taken in the year after it is earned or forfeited except in the year where the employee terminates their employment with the Village. Any earned vacation will be paid to employees upon his separation of employment. Sick pay is allowable in accordance with the allowable days provided in the ordinance. Sick pay can be accumulated or accrued, but will not be paid out upon an employee's termination or retirement. The Village records a liability for accrued vacation which was earned in the previous year and no liability for unused sick days in these financial statements. However, police officers earn comp time, which the Village is liable to pay should the officer leave the Village. Therefore, this amount of comp time earned but not used or paid is also recorded in the Village-wide financial statements as Time Due Payable.

Long-Term Obligations

In the Village-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as a debt service expenditure in the year incurred.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Equity/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. The components of fund balance include the following line items:

- a. Nonspendable fund balance is inherently nonspendable, such as portions of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form and portions of net resources that cannot be spent because they must be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted fund balance has externally enforceable limitations on use, such as limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other government as well as limitations imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed fund balance has self-imposed limitations set in place prior to the end of the period. The limitations are imposed at the highest level of decision making that requires formal action at the same level to remove. For the Village, the Board of Trustees is the highest level of decision making. As of April 30, 2019, the Village does not have any commitments of fund balance.
- d. Assigned fund balance has limitations resulting from intended use consisting of amounts where the intended use is established by the Board of Trustees or by an official designated for that purpose. The Board of Trustees has not designated any members of management for this purpose.
- e. Unassigned fund balance is the total fund balance in the general fund in excess of nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balance. In addition, negative fund balance in other funds, besides the General Fund, is shown as unassigned.

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, then the Village will consider committed fund balance to be spent first, then assigned fund balance and finally unassigned fund balance. The Village will also consider restricted fund balance to be spent before unrestricted.

The capital projects fund has a deficit fund balance as of April 30, 2019 of \$88,862.

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances for any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and Police Pension Plan and additions to/deductions from

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

IMRF's and the Police Pension Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF and the Police Pension Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Village reports change in pension assumptions, loss on pension investments, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Changes in pension plan assumptions are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan. Loss on pension investments are deferred and amortized over five years. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date are recognized in the next year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Village has an item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Certain amounts related to pensions must be deferred. Differences between expected and actual experience are deferred and amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan. Property taxes that have been levied but are intended to finance expenses/expenditures of a subsequent period are also recorded as deferred inflows.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which they are intended to finance. Property taxes that have been levied but not collected during the year are recorded as property taxes receivable and deferred inflow of resources to the extent they are not intended to finance current operations. Property taxes are levied and attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and are payable in two installments on March 1 and (normally) August 1 subsequent to the year of levy.

Use of Estimates

Management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities to prepare these financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Actual results could differ.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Commitments

The Village has no significant commitments at year-end relating to construction projects.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Village

Cash

The carrying amount of cash, excluding the Pension Trust Fund, was \$4,664,302 at April 30, 2019, while the bank balances were \$4,714,023. Of the total bank balances, \$250,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The remaining \$4,464,023 was fully collateralized as of year-end.

Investments (excluding Pension Trust Fund)

Illinois statutes authorized the Village to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and banks and savings and loan associations covered by federal depositary insurance.

The following schedule reports the fair values for the Village's investments at April 30, 2019. All investments mature in less than one year:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>		
Illinois Funds - State Treasurer	\$	1,676,989	

The value of the Illinois Funds equates to the number of shares owned as of April 30, 2019.

Interest Rate Risk – The Village does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk – The Village's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule: Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital, and, in general, avoid speculative investments. Illinois Funds are rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village's investments are fully collateralized as of April 30, 2019.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. More than 5% of the Village's investments are in Illinois Funds. These investments are 100% of the Village's investments.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Police Pension Fund

Deposits, Investments, and Concentrations – The deposits and investments of the Pension Fund are held separately from those of other Village funds. Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest-bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Funds, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds which must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds do not exceed 10% of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension funds with net position of \$2.5 million or more may invest up to 45% of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension funds with a net position of at least \$5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to 45% of the plan's net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, pension funds with plan net position of at least \$10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to 50% of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to 55% effective July 1, 2012.

Deposits – At year end, the carrying amount and bank balance of the Pension Fund's deposits totaled \$449,915 and \$451,220, respectively.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments – At year end, the Pension Fund has the following investments and maturities (using the time segmented distribution method):

	Fair	Investment Maturities in Years			
Investment Type	<u>Value</u>	Less Than 1	<u>1-5</u>	<u>6-10</u>	More Than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 586,585	\$ 124,068	\$ -	\$157,814	\$ 304,703
Municipal Obligations	135,231	135,231	-	-	-
Corporate Obligations	1,769,321	1,192,351	405,820	96,762	74,388
Total	\$ 2,491,137	\$ 1,451,650	\$ 405,820	\$254,576	\$ 379,091

The difference between the fair value total above of \$2,491,137 and the amount of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position of \$4,660,151 is due to investments without finite maturity dates. These investments include equity mutual funds in the amount of \$1,914,775 and common stock in the amount of \$254,239.

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2019:

		Fair Value Measurements Using				
		Quoted Prices			_	
		in Active Markets for	Significant Other	Signifi		
	April 30	Indentical Assets	Observable	Unovser Inpu		
Investments by Fair Value Level	2019	(Level 1)	Inputs Inp (Level 2) (Lev			
Debt Securities						
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 586,585	\$ 586,585	\$ -	\$	-	
Municipal Obligations	135,231	-	135,231		-	
Corporate Obligations	1,769,321	-	1,769,321		-	
Equity Securities						
Mutual Funds	1,914,775	1,914,775	-		-	
Common Stock	254,239	254,239		-		
Total Investment by Fair Value Level	\$ 4,660,151	\$2,755,599	\$1,904,552	\$		

The Pension Fund assumes any callable securities will not be called.

Interest Rate Risk — Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with the Pension Fund's investment policy, the Pension Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time matching investment maturities to projected fund liabilities.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Pension Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. The investments in the securities of U.S. agencies were not rated or not available. The Investments in municipal bonds were rated Aa2 and the corporate bonds were rated from Baa3 to Aaa by Moody's Investors Services. The Pension Fund's investment policy also prescribes to the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

Custodial Credit Risk — Deposits: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Pension Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 115% of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. At April 30, 2019, the entire amount of the bank balance of the deposits was covered by federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Pension Fund will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds and equity mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2019, the U.S. Government Agencies and the State and Local obligations are held by the counterparty in the trust department. The Pension Fund limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing an independent third-party institution, selected by the Pension Fund, to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The Pension Fund's investment policy requires it to diversify its investment portfolio. Assets invested shall be diversified to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer or specific class of securities. At April 30, 2019, the Pension Fund does not have any investments over 5% of net position restricted for pensions (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments). The Pension Fund's investment policy specifies "in order to further guarantee asset safety, the Pension Fund shall diversify investments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks from the practice of concentrating investments in specific security types and/or individual financial institutions."

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk - Continued. The Pension Board has diversified its equity mutual fund holdings as follows:

Equity Mutual Funds	Fair	Value
ETFS Physical Platinum	\$	15,013
Ishares Core S&P 500		263,387
Ishares MSCI Emerging		189,734
Ishares TR Russell 2000		408,388
Ishares US Aerospace		133,109
T Rowe Price Cap Appr Fd		349,195
Select Sector SPDR Industrial		115,923
Select Sector SPDR Materials		142,684
SPDR Gold Shares		53,086
SPDR S&P Dividend ETF		108,220
Vaneck Vectors JR Gold		34,609
William Blair Small Mid		101,427
Total	\$	1,914,775

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Employee Retirement System – Defined Benefit Pension Plans, Plan Descriptions - The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans: the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan, which is a single-employer pension plan. The Police Pension Plan issues a financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The IMRF report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund:

Plan Description - The Village's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Village's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multiemployer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois.

Benefits provided - IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – As of December 31, 2018 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	20
Inactive Plan Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	19
Active Plan Members	37
Total	76

Contributions - As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Village's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 8.65%. For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, the Village contributed \$193,886 to the plan.

The Village also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Net pension liability – The Village's net pension liability for IMRF was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.39% to 14.25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an

experience study of the period 2014-2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, and IMRF specific mortality table was used

with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current year IMRF experience.

A detailed description of the actuarial assumptions and methods can be found in the December 31, 2018 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund annual actuarial valuation.

Expected return on pension plan investments - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Long-Term Expected
Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
37.00%	7.15%
18.00%	7.25%
28.00%	3.75%
9.00%	6.25%
7.00%	3.20-8.50%
1.00%	2.50%
100.00%	
	37.00% 18.00% 28.00% 9.00% 7.00% 1.00%

Discount rate - A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rates reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments used to determine the total pension liability. For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.71%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)			Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (a)-(b)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	7,489,629	\$	6,602,721	\$	886,908
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost		201,021		-		201,021
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		558,549		-		558,549
Difference between expected and actual						
experience of the total pension liability		(159,257)		-		(159,257)
Changes of assumptions		283,662		-		283,662
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions		(285,646)		(285,646)		-
Contributions - employer		-		192,484		(192,484)
Contributions - employee		-		114,610		(114,610)
Net Investment income		-		(309,704)		309,704
Other (Net Transfer)				(202,754)		202,754
Net Change		598,329		(491,010)		1,089,339
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	8,087,958	\$	6,111,711	\$	1,976,247

The net pension liability has been allocated as follows:

Governmental Activities	\$ 1,678,647
Water Fund	297,600
Total	\$ 1,976,247

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Village, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Village's net pension liability for the regular IMRF plan would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%	
Village's IMRF net pension liability for the regular plan	\$ 3,282,164	\$ 1,976,247	\$ 927,236	

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For the year ended April 30, 2019 the Village recognized pension expense of \$578,074 for the IMRF plan. At April 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Defer	Deferred Outflows		rred Inflows				
	of	of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	489,334	\$	181,316				
Assumption Changes		239,563		211,079				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on								
pension plan investments		407,080		-				
Contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		69,217		-				
Total	\$	1,205,194	\$	392,395				

In 2019, there was \$69,217 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	Net De	ferred Outflows
December 31	of	f Resources
2019	\$	193,316
2020		132,299
2021		130,829
2022		226,818
2023		58,357
Thereafter		1,963
Total	\$	743,582

Police Pension:

Plan Description - Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan, which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. At April 30, 2019, the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan membership consisted of:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	19
Active plan members	16
Total	35

Benefits Provided - Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2012) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit of 2.5% of final salary for each year of service.

The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3.0% of the original pension and 3.0% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2012) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes shall not exceed \$106,800 however, that amount shall increase annually by the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3.0% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e. ½% for each month under 55).

The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3.0% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions - Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Trust Fund Plan. This is determined by and can only be amended by State Statue. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. Employer contributions for 2019 were \$1,004,073.

Basis of Accounting - The financial statements of the pension fund are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as additions when they are due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Benefit and refunds are recorded as deductions when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Method Used to Value Investments - Fixed-income securities are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Investment income is recognized when earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

Net Pension Liability - The Plan's net pension liability was measured as of April 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2019.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Postemployment Benefit Changes - Eligibility for postemployment benefits increases is determined based on the Illinois Pension code. Tier 1 Police retirees are provided with an annual 3.0% increase in retirement benefits by statute when eligible. Tier 2 Police retirees are provided postemployment benefit increases based on one-half of the Consumer Price Index (Urban) for the prior September.

Actuarial assumptions - The total pension liability in the actuarial valuation as of April 30, 2019 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions	
Interest Rate	6.00%
Salary Increases	4.00% - 27.53%
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.25%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the independent actuary 2016 Illinois Police Mortality rates.

Expected Return on Pension Plan Investments - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in May 2019 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2019 are summarized in the following tables:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2%	0.00%
Fixed Income	53%	1.30%
Domestic Equities	20%	5.40%
International Equities	10%	5.50%
Real Estate	5%	4.50%
Blended	10%	3.50%
	100%	

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Long-term expected real returns under GASB are expected to reflect the period of time that begins when a plan member begins to provide service to the employer and ends at the point when all benefits to the plan member have been paid. The rates above are intended to estimate those figures.

Rate of Return. For the year ended April 30, 2019, the annual money weighted rate of return on the plan's assets, net of plan investment expenses, was 6.16%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension liability and the prior year discount rate was 5.53%. The projection of cash flow used to determine this single discount rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The single discount rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an
 average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date
 (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not
 met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 6.00%, the municipal bond rate is 3.79%, and the resulting single discount rate is 6.00%.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Increase (Decrease)						
	To	tal Pension	Pension Plan Fiduciary			Net Pension	
		Liability	Ne	et Position		Liability	
		(a) (b		(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balance at April 30, 2018	\$	21,174,227	\$	4,793,922	\$	16,380,305	
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost		633,623		-		633,623	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		1,139,879		-		1,139,879	
Difference between expected and actual							
experience of the total pension liability		(75,715)		-		(75,715)	
Changes of assumptions		(1,348,472)		-		(1,348,472)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(1,123,166)		(1,123,166)		-	
Contributions - employer		-		1,004,073		(1,004,073)	
Contributions - employee		-		136,262		(136,262)	
Contributions - other				19,642		(19,642)	
Net Investment income		-		276,785		(276,785)	
other (Net Transfer)				(52,239)		52,239	
Net Change		(773,851)		261,357		(1,035,208)	
Balance at April 30, 2019	\$	20,400,376	\$	5,055,279	\$	15,345,097	

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan calculated using the discount rate of 6.00 percent, as well as what the Plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (7.00 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	5.00%	6.00%	7.00%
Village's net pension liability for the Police Pension	\$ 18,391,661	\$ 15,345,097	\$12,887,006

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions - For the year ended April 30, 2019 the Village recognized pension expense of \$1,622,704 for the Police Pension Plan. At April 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Assumption Changes Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	4,227 1,301,876	\$	263,865 1,462,853
pension plan investments		204,716		-
Total	\$	1,510,819	\$	1,726,718

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending	Net Deferred Inflow	/S
April 30:	of Resources	
2020	\$ 228,07	74
2021	(41,72	22)
2022	(9,35	55)
2023	5,21	۱6
2024	(205,21	L 5)
Thereafter	(192,89) 7)
Total	\$ (215,89) 9)

Summary of Pension Items:

	IMRF	Police	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$1,976,247	\$15,345,097	\$17,321,344
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,205,194	1,510,819	2,716,013
Deferred Inflows of Resources	392,395	1,726,718	2,119,113
Pension Expenses	578,074	1,622,704	2,200,778

NOTE 4 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Description

The Village provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and any employer contributions are governed by the Village and can be amended by the Village through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report.

To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the Village's retirement plan or meet COBRA requirements.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

All health benefits are provided through the Village's health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous and substance abuse care; and prescriptions. Eligibility in Village sponsored health care plans is discontinued upon eligibility for federally sponsored health care benefits.

All retirees contribute 100% of the plan premiums.

As of April 30, 2019 membership consisted of:

Total active employees	50
Inactive Employees Currently Receiving Benefits	2
Inactive Employees Entitles To But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	0
Total	52

The Village does not have a funding policy.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial Valuation Date	May 1, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Assumptions Discount Rate	3.79%
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets	N/A
Total Payroll Increases	3.00%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	For HMO, 0.00% in fiscal year 2019, trending to 5.71% in fiscal year 2024, and an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%. For PPO, 0.00% in fiscal year 2019, trending to 5.93% in fiscal year 2024, and an ultimate trend rate of 5.00%
Asset Valuation Method	N/A

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the RP-2014 Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment for IMRF participants. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2016 improvement rates.

Retirement, termination and disability rates followed the rates used in pension specific actuarial valuations for IMRF, police, and fire employees performed in 2017.

Assumptions were revised for expected increases in the medical costs assumption to 0.00 percent in the first year of the projection for both HMO and PPO plans, and 6.60 percent and 7.10 percent in the second year of the projection for HMO and PPO plans, respectively. Long-term, ultimate increases in medical costs have been set at 5.00 percent.

The expected rate of compensation increases has been lowered from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent based on a review of the IMRF December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation and the Lauterbach & Amen Assumption Study for Police 2016.

The percent of active employees assumed to continue the participation from the active medical plan into the retiree medical plan upon retirement has been increased from 20 percent to 30 percent for IMRF employees based on the current census information.

Coverage changes. The current valuation varied from the prior as retirees can no longer remain on Village insurance after reaching the age of 65. Additionally, Police and Radio Dispatch employees no longer need to meet the age and service requirements of 55 years old with 25 years of service with the Village in order to receive their employee only premium paid until age 65.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of April 30, 2019 was 3.79 percent, which was a change from the discount rate of 3.97 percent that was used as of April 30, 2018. The single discount rate is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond G.O. Index.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	т	otal OPEB	0	se (Decrease) PEB Plan t Position	 Net OPEB pility/(Asset)
		(a)		(b)	(a) - (b)
Balances at May 1, 2018	\$	3,670,613	\$	-	\$ 3,670,613
Service cost		108,260		-	108,260
Interest on total OPEB liability		143,652		-	143,652
Differences between expected and actual experience of					
the total OPEB liability		-		-	-
Change of assumptions		66,661		-	66,661
Plan changes		(330,072)		-	(330,072)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee					
contributions		(104,258)		(104,258)	-
Contributions - employer		-		104,258	(104,258)
Contributions - employee		-		-	-
Net investment income		-		-	-
Other (net transfer)		-		-	 -
Balances at April 30, 2019	\$	3,554,856	\$	-	\$ 3,554,856

Sensitivity of the Village's net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Village's net OPEB liability, as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.79 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.79 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease			scount Rate	1	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,961,185	\$	3,554,856	\$	3,205,768	
OPEB plan net position							
Net OPEB liability	\$	3,961,185	\$	3,554,856	\$	3,205,768	

Sensitivity of the Village's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the Village's net OPEB liability, as well as what the Village's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.50 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50 percent decreasing to 5.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	Healthcare Cost				
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase		
Total OPEB liability	\$3,108,440	\$3,554,856	\$4,083,126		
OPEB plan net position					
Net OPEB liability	\$3,108,440	\$3,554,856	\$4,083,126		

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$(11,499). At April 30, 2019, the Village did not report any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to OPEB. Because the Village uses the Alternative Measurement Method, the impact of assumption changes is expensed in the current year rather than deferred.

NOTE 5 - IRS SECTION 457 COMPENSATION PLANS

The Village offers its employees two compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and administered by two outside providers. The plans permit eligible employees to delay a portion of their salary until future years. The compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The plan complies with subsection (g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457, which requires that all assets and income of the plan described in subsection (b)(6) be held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. As a result, the Village no longer acts in a fiduciary capacity; thus, the plan is no longer required to be reported in the financial statements of the Village.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the Village's Governmental capital assets for the period May 1, 2018 through April 30, 2019 follows:

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance May 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2019
Governmental activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,299,348	\$ 50,250	\$ -	\$ 1,349,598
Construction in progress		39,273		39,273
	1,299,348	89,523	-	1,388,871
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,057,602	-	-	1,057,602
Buildings	9,792,892	-	-	9,792,892
Furniture and office equipment	121,419	-	-	121,419
Equipment	1,414,653	111,396	-	1,526,049
Vehicles and trucks	3,036,687	155,687	203,205	2,989,169
Infrastructure	7,902,856			7,902,856
Subtotal	23,326,109	267,083	203,205	23,389,987
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	703,999	45,892	-	749,891
Buildings	4,060,571	257,343	-	4,317,914
Furniture and office equipment	95,482	7,031	-	102,513
Equipment	1,057,276	101,424	-	1,158,700
Vehicles and trucks	2,348,862	146,996	203,205	2,292,653
Infrastructure	1,680,946	197,571	<u> </u>	1,878,517
Subtotal	9,947,136	756,257	203,205	10,500,188
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	13,378,973			12,889,799
Total Governmental Capital				
Assets, net	\$ 14,678,321			\$ 14,278,670

Depreciation expense of the governmental activities was allocated as shown below.

General government	\$ 77,330
Public safety	369,156
Public works	252,097
Culture and recreation	57,674
	\$ 756,257

A summary of changes in the Village's Business-type capital assets for the period from May 1, 2018 through April 30, 2019 follows:

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance May 1, 2018	Additions	Retirements	Balance April 30, 2019
Business-type activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 25,575	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,575
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Pumping station and tower	1,047,314	-	-	1,047,314
Water works system	949,000	-	-	949,000
Office equipment	59,216	-	-	59,216
Truck & accessories	143,309	-	-	143,309
Improvements to system	1,920,033	-	-	1,920,033
Buildings	789,049	-	-	789,049
Subtotal	4,907,921			4,907,921
Accumulated depreciation				
Pumping station and tower	313,520	20,255	-	333,775
Water works system	779,965	11,148	-	791,113
Office equipment	59,216	-	-	59,216
Truck & accessories	141,853	485	-	142,338
Improvements to system	1,379,692	38,400	-	1,418,092
Buildings	751,508	37,202	-	788,710
Subtotal	3,425,754	107,490	_	3,533,244
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	1,482,167			1,374,677
Total Business-typel capital				
assets, net	\$ 1,507,742			\$ 1,400,252

All depreciation from business-type activities is charged to the water fund.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the Village's long-term debt:

	May 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2019	Current
Governmental activities:					
G.O. Bond Series 2008	\$ 5,595,000	\$ -	\$ 5,455,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000
G.O. Bond Series 2011	1,125,000	-	1,125,000	-	-
G.O. Bond Series 2015	865,000	-	150,000	715,000	715,000
G.O. Bond Series 2019	-	5,965,000	-	5,965,000	-
Bond Premium	23,762	645,561	13,973	655,350	90,142
Total GO Bonds	7,608,762	6,610,561	6,743,973	7,475,350	945,142
IMRF NPL	749,685	928,962	-	1,678,647	-
Police Pension NPL	16,380,305	-	1,035,208	15,345,097	-
OPEB Obligation	534,224	-	534,224	-	-
Total OPEB Liability (Restated)	3,312,508	-	78,682	3,233,826	-
Time Due Payable	127,050	188,931	-	315,981	-
Total Governmental liabilities	\$ 28,712,534	\$ 7,728,454	\$ 8,392,087	\$ 28,048,901	\$ 945,142
	May 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2019	Current
Business-type activities:					
OPEB Obligation	57,755	-	57,755	-	-
Total OPEB Liability (Restated)	358,105	-	37,075	321,030	-
IMRF NPL	137,223	160,377	, -	297,600	-
Total Business-type activities:	\$ 553,083	\$ 160,377	\$ 94,830	\$ 618,630	\$ -
,,	,	<u> </u>			

Interest paid during the year on the Series 2008, 2011, and 2015 General Obligation Bonds was \$303,960. All bonds are paid from the Debt Service Fund. All other debt is expected to be paid from the General Fund.

On September 25, 2008, the Village issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2008 in the amount of \$6,400,000. The proceeds from the bonds were used for various capital projects within the Village. Interest payments are due every six months starting with interest rates varying from 3.0% to 4.5%. This bond was partially refunded during the year through the issuance of the Series 2019 bonds, and the remaining principal will be paid in full during the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2020.

On September 7, 2011, the Village issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2011 for \$2,390,000. These funds were used to currently refund (pay in full) the Series 2001 bond issuance in order to reduce the Village's interest expense. The rate of interest on the Series 2011 ranges from 2.0 to 3.75%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1. The bond was refunded in full through the issuance of the Series 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds during fiscal year 2019.

On February 10, 2015, the Village issued General Obligation Bonds Series 2015 for \$1,315,000. These funds were used to currently refund (pay in full) the Series 2004 bond issuance in order to reduce the Village's interest expense. The rate of interest on the Series 2015 ranges from 2.0 to 3.0%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1. This bond is scheduled to mature on December 1, 2019.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

On February 5, 2019, the Village issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 for \$5,965,000. These funds were used to currently refund the Series 2008 and Series 2011 bond issuances. The rate of interest on the Series 2019 issuance ranges from 4.00% to 5.00%. Principal payments are due annually on December 1. This bond is scheduled to mature on December 1, 2028.

Debt Service Requirements Until Maturity

	<u>GO Bonds</u>								
Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>							
2020	\$ 855,000	\$ 235,028							
2021	555,000	274,600							
2022	580,000	252,400							
2023	605,000	229,200							
2024	625,000	205,000							
2025-2029	3,600,000	557,500							
Total	\$6,820,000	\$1,753,728							

NOTE 8 - INSURANCE

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency: The Village has entered into a contractual agreement with the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in northeastern Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members. The Village's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. The Village assumes the first \$2,500 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

The Village appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the Village on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. The Village has a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 8 - INSURANCE (Continued)

Should a claim be paid by IRMA for which these reserves proved inadequate, the Village would be responsible for paying a portion of such deficiency. However, at April 30, 2019, management knows of no claim, asserted or unasserted, which if asserted and paid would have a materially adverse effect on the financial position of the various funds of the Village at April 30, 2019. The amount of settlements has not exceeded coverage during the past three fiscal years.

<u>Health Insurance</u>: The Village has purchased medical insurance through the State of Illinois Local Government Health Plan to cover its employees. The amount of coverage has neither decreased nor has the amount of settlements exceeded coverage during the past four fiscal years.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND ACTIVITY

Fund	Due From Due To			
General:				
Water	\$ 558,700	\$ -		
Capital Projects	130,537	-		
Motor Fuel Tax	10,570	-		
Police Seizure and Forfeiture	1,800	-		
Emergency Telephone	527	-		
Debt Service	-	612,803		
	702,134	612,803		
Water:				
General	-	558,700		
Motor Fuel Tax	-	7,833		
Emergency Telephone		9,696		
		576,229		
Debt Service:				
General	612,803	-		
Capital Projects:				
General	-	130,537		
MFT:				
General	-	10,570		
Water	7,833	-		
	7,833	10,570		
Emergency Telephone:				
General	-	527		
Water	9,696	-		
	9,696	527		
Police Seizure and Forfeiture:				
General		1,800		
Total	\$1,332,466	\$1,332,466		

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In November 2016, GASB issued Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations, including obligations that may not have been previously reported. This statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring disclosures related to those asset retirement obligations. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. This Statement increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. This Statement clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. It requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to the financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2021. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

Notes to financial statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement 90, Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. This Statement defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. It also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

In May of 2019, the GASB issued Statement 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation, establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer, establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and improving required note disclosures. This Statement is effective for the Village's fiscal year ended April 30, 2022. Management has not determined what impact, if any, this statement will have on its financial statements.

NOTE 11 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

During the current year, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. As a result of the conversion, the Village reported prior period adjustments related to the elimination of the net OPEB obligation balances as of the prior year-end and the establishment of the total OPEB liability balances.

Also, an error was noted in the accounts receivable balance reported in the Water Fund as of April 30, 2018. As a result, the balance should have been \$306,760 rather than the \$464,854 previously reported, a difference of \$158,094.

Business-type

	Gov	ernmental	Acti	vites/
	Acti	ivities	Wat	er Fund
Net Position Reported at 4/30/18	\$	(5,788,567)	\$	4,623,941
Elimination of Net OPEB Obligation		534,224		57,755
Recording of Total OPEB Liability		(3,312,508)		(358,105)
Accounts Receivable Restatement				(158,094)
Net Position at 4/39/18 as Restated	\$	(8,566,851)	\$	4,165,497

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

Povenues		riginal and nal Budget		Actual		Variance from Budget Over (Under)
Revenues	ب	2 702 722	.	2 452 900	۲.	(240.022)
Property taxes	\$	2,702,732	\$	2,453,899	\$	(248,833)
Intergovernmental revenues Other taxes		1,872,547		1,793,217		(79,330) (112,540)
		1,366,907		1,254,367		
Licenses and permits Fines and fees		554,908		526,797		(28,111)
		802,292		921,526		119,234
Special events		17,340		14,221		(3,119)
Miscellaneous		169,654		389,050		219,396
Grant revenue		61,200		10.464		(61,200)
Investment income		5,247		10,464		5,217
Total revenues		7,552,827		7,363,541	-	(189,286)
Expenditures						
Executive & legislative		68,200		68,200		-
Administration		391,702		370,730		(20,972)
Professional services		224,000		225,741		1,741
Police department		2,623,599		2,910,346		286,747
Fire department		1,457,291		1,332,376		(124,915)
Public works		507,110		718,654		211,544
Public building & grounds		159,500		231,067		71,567
Miscellaneous		7,500		434		(7,066)
Sanitation department		384,034		386,201		2,167
Insurance		195,000		175,393		(19,607)
Auditing		13,875		27,750		13,875
Municipal retirement		320,500		344,586		24,086
Contributions to pension fund		1,023,865		1,004,073		(19,792)
Parks & recreation		39,790		43,222		3,432
Total expenditures		7,415,966		7,838,773		422,807
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		136,861		(475,232)		(612,093)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfer out		(400,000)		(400,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		(400,000)		(400,000)		-
Net Changes in Fund Balance	\$	(263,139)		(875,232)	\$	(612,093)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				2,285,537		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	1,410,305		

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget			Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)			
Revenues								
Motor fuel tax allotments	\$	180,000	\$	208,285	\$	28,285		
Investment income		4,750		14,016		9,266		
Total revenues		184,750		222,301		37,551		
Expenditures								
Maintenance - salt		40,000		21,826		(18,174)		
LED Street Lights		20,000		29,717		9,717		
Engineering				1,530		1,530		
Total expenditures		60,000		53,073		(6,927)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	124,750		169,228	\$	44,478		
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				581,697				
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	750,925				

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ILLINOIS MUNICPAL RETIREMENT FUND REGULAR PLAN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 201,021	\$ 218,054	\$ 165,760	\$ 163,453
Interest	558,549	502,368	461,791	444,908
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(159,257)	610,947	126,230	(181,127)
Changes of assumptions	283,662	(292,257)	(10,136)	9,144
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	 (285,646)	 (277,387)	 (196,593)	 (211,812)
Net change in total pension liability	598,329	761,725	 547,052	224,566
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 7,489,629	 6,727,904	 6,180,852	 5,956,286
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 8,087,958	\$ 7,489,629	\$ 6,727,904	\$ 6,180,852
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions	\$ 192,484	\$ 213,168	\$ 171,810	\$ 152,899
Employee contributions	114,610	121,942	76,474	66,866
Pension plan net investment income	(309,704)	972,699	390,494	28,369
Benefit payments and refunds	(285,646)	(277,387)	(196,593)	(211,812)
Other	 (202,754)	 (447,112)	 11,566	 (140,538)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(491,010)	583,310	453,751	(104,216)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 6,602,721	 6,019,411	 5,565,660	 5,669,876
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 6,111,711	\$ 6,602,721	\$ 6,019,411	\$ 5,565,660
Village's Net Pension Liability (a-b)	\$ 1,976,247	\$ 886,908	\$ 708,493	\$ 615,192
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.57%	88.16%	89.47%	90.05%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,036,888	\$ 2,236,808	\$ 1,699,418	\$ 1,485,905
Plan's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll	97.02%	39.65%	41.69%	41.40%

^{*} This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years will be presented.

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF ILLINOIS MUNICPAL RETIREMENT FUND CONTRIBUTIONS Last Ten Calendar Years

Regular Plan

Fiscal Year	De	ctuarially etermined ntribution	ined Actual		D	ntribution eficiency Excess)	,	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll		
2018	\$	176,191	\$	192,484	\$	(16,293)	\$	2,036,888	9.45%		
2017		213,168		213,168		-		2,236,808	9.53%		
2016		171,811		171,810		1		1,699,418	10.11%		
2015		152,900		152,899		1		1,485,905	10.29%		

Notes to Schedule:

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2018 Contribution Rate *

Valuation Date:

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12

months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2018 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period: Non-taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups) 25-year closed period Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by

the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplement liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 20 years for most employers (two employers were financed over 30 years).

Asset Valuation Growth: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.50% Price Inflation: 2.75%

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50% including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

2011 to 2013.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully

generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year

2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee

Mortality table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other Information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

^{*} Based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation.

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN POLICE PENSION FUND NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2019	 2018	 2017		2016	 2015
Total Pension Liability						
Service cost	\$ 633,623	\$ 415,861	\$ 392,322	\$	366,193	\$ 275,774
Interest	1,139,879	1,134,853	1,162,362		1,041,720	974,383
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(75,715)	6,347	(285,440)		(302,015)	166,009
Changes of assumptions	(1,348,472)	1,268,793	(729,628)		1,761,637	2,852,173
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(1,123,166)	(1,131,692)	(864,522)		(849,146)	(803,029)
Net change in total pension liability	(773,851)	 1,694,162	(324,906)		2,018,389	3,465,310
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 21,174,227	 19,480,065	 19,804,970		17,786,581	 14,321,271
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 20,400,376	\$ 21,174,227	\$ 19,480,064	\$	19,804,970	\$ 17,786,581
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Employer contributions	\$ 1,004,073	\$ 884,337	\$ 602,890	\$	624,450	\$ 570,934
Employee contributions	136,262	117,301	131,323		129,722	119,628
Contributions - other	19,642	-	-		-	-
Net investment income	276,785	159,444	201,473		(236,482)	67,790
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,123,166)	(1,131,692)	(864,522)		(849,146)	(803,029)
Administrative expense	(52,239)	(30,748)	(12,070)		(12,676)	(13,503)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	261,357	 (1,358)	59,094	_	(344,132)	(58,180)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	 4,793,922	 4,795,280	 4,736,186		5,080,318	 5,138,498
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 5,055,279	\$ 4,793,922	\$ 4,795,280	\$	4,736,186	\$ 5,080,318
Village's Net Pension Liability (a-b)	\$ 15,345,097	\$ 16,380,305	\$ 14,684,784	\$	15,068,784	\$ 12,706,263

^{*} GASB 67 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Information Prior to the implementation of GASB 67 is not available. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN POLICE PENSION FUND NET PENSION LIABILITY Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability Plan fiduciary net position Village's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 20,400,376 5,055,279 15,345,097	\$	21,174,227 4,793,922 16,380,305	\$	19,480,064 4,795,280 14,684,784	\$	19,804,970 4,736,186 15,068,784	\$	17,786,581 5,080,318 12,706,263
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	24.78%		22.64%		24.62%		23.91%		28.56%
Covered-employee payroll	1,356,479		1,364,406		1,321,459		1,298,726		1,250,271
Plan's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1131.24%		1200.54%		1111.26%		1160.27%		1016.28%

 $^{^{*}}$ GASB 67 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 67 is not available. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF POLICE PENSION FUND CONTRIBUTIONS APRIL 30, 2019

	2	2019		2018		2017	 2016	2015	
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	939,152	\$	935,521	\$	794,692	\$ 570,135	\$	556,450
actuarially determined contribution		1,004,073		884,337		602,891	624,450		570,934
Contribution deficiency (excess)		(64,921)	-	51,184		191,801	(54,315)		(14,484)
Covered-employee payroll		1,356,479		1,364,406		1,321,459	1,298,726		1,250,271
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		74.02%		64.81%		45.62%	48.08%		45.66%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of pay (closed)

Remaining Amortization Period: 23 years

Asset Valuation Method: 5-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation: 2.50%
Salary Increases: 5.00%
Investment Rate of Return: 5.75%
Retirement Age: 50-70

Mortality: RP-2014 Mortality Table (BCHA) projected to 2017 using Improvement

Scale MP-2016

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF POLICE PENSION FUND INVESTMENT RATE OF RETURN APRIL 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Annual money-weighted rate of return net of investment expense	6.16%	2.93%	4.65%	-4.73%	1.37%

^{*} GASB 67 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. This schedule is being built prospectively. Information prior to the implementation of GASB 67 is not available. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN VILLAGE NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY APRIL 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	20:	18	2	017	2	2016	20)15	20	14	20	13	20	12	20:	l1	201	.0
Total OPEB Liability					·														
Service cost	\$ 108,260	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Interest	143,652		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of benefit terms	(330,072)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual																			
experience	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Changes of assumptions	66,661		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member																			
contributions	(104,258)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(115,757)		-		-		-						-				-		-
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	3,670,613		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 3,554,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position																			
Contributions - employer	\$ 104,258	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions - member	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net investment income	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member																			
contributions	(104,258)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Administrative expense	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
•																			
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 3,554,856	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
, ,,,,																			
OPEB Plan Net Position as a Percentage of the																			
Total OPEB Liability	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	(0.00%	C	0.00%	C	0.00%	(0.00%	0	.00%	0.	00%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,937,369	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
	, ,,	•		•		•				•		•				•		•	
	121.02%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	(0.00%	O	0.00%	C	0.00%	(0.00%	0	.00%	0.	00%
Covered-Employee Payroll Employer Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,937,369 121.02%		- 0.00%	\$	- 0.00%	\$	- 0.00%	\$ 0	-	\$ 0.	- 00%								

Information is presented for those years for which it is available

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF VILLAGE CONTRIBUTIONS APRIL 30, 2019

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)				N/A					N/A	
Covered-Employee Payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$ 2,937,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

There is no Actuarially Determined Contribution or employer contribution in relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution, as there is no Trust that exists for funding the OPEB liabilities. The Village did make contributions from other Village resources in the current year in the amount of \$104,258.

Information is presented for those years for which it is available

Note to required supplementary information April 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets:

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the following funds:

- General Fund

- Debt Service Fund
- Motor Fuel Tax Fund
- Capital Projects Fund
- Emergency Telephone System Fund
- Family Day Fund
- Police Seizure and Forfeiture Fund
- Water Fund

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and department. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) is the fund level.

The budget may be amended during the year by the Village's Board of Trustees. During the year, no supplementary appropriations were necessary.

The following funds had an excess of actual expenditures over related budgeted expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2019:

General Fund	\$ 422,807
Emergency Telephone System Fund	85,324
Police Seizure and Forfeiture Fund	6,977
Family Day Fund	11,052
Debt Service Fund	156,500
Capital Projects Fund	92,064

COMBINING & INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS



VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS COMBINING NONMAJOR FUNDS BALANCE SHEET APRIL 30, 2019

	Сарі	ital Projects Fund	Teleph	ergency one System Fund	Sei	Police zure and eiture Fund	amily ny Fund	 e Revenue Sharing Fund	Total
Assets									
Cash	\$	18,352	\$	1	\$	11,122	\$ -	\$ 4,630	\$ 34,105
Investments		113,812		-		-	-	-	113,812
Interfund receivable		-		9,696		-	 -	 -	 9,696
Total assets	\$	132,164	\$	9,697	\$	11,122	\$ -	\$ 4,630	\$ 157,613
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	89,495	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,495
Interfund payable		130,537		527		1,800	-	-	132,864
Total liabilities		220,032		527		1,800	 -	 -	 222,359
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenue		994		-		-	-	-	994
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	994		-		-	 -	 -	 994
Fund Balance									
Restricted for police activities		-		-		9,322	-	4,630	13,952
Restricted for capital projects		-		9,170		-	_	-	9,170
Unassigned		(88,862)		-		-	-	_	(88,862)
Total fund balance		(88,862)		9,170		9,322	-	 4,630	(65,740)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows									
of resources and fund balance	\$	132,164	\$	9,697	\$	11,122	\$ -	\$ 4,630	\$ 157,613

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS COMBINING NONMAJOR FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES Year Ended April 30, 2019

Davis	Capital Projects Fund		Emergency Telephone System Fund			Family Day Fund		Seizure and Family Sh					Total
Revenues	ć		\$ -	¢		Ś		Ś		Ś			
Other revenue	\$	-		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75.200		
Other taxes		-	75,286		-		-		-		75,286		
Program revenue			-		-		21,759		-		21,759		
Investment income	2,0										2,017		
Total revenues	2,0	17	75,286				21,759				99,062		
Expenditures													
Capital projects	474,1	08	-		-		-		-		474,108		
Program expenditures		-	101,324		6,977		31,052		-		139,353		
Total expenditures	474,1	08	101,324		6,977		31,052		-		613,461		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Transfers in	400,0	00	_		_		-				400,000		
Transfers (out)	,	-	-		_		-		-		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	400,0	00	-						_		400,000		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
Over (Under) Expenditures	(72,0	91)	(26,038)		(6,977)		(9,293)				(114,399)		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	(16,7	71)	35,208		16,299		9,293		4,630		48,659		
. and balances at beginning or real	(10,7	<u>· ±1</u>	33,200		10,233		3,233		7,030		70,033		
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ (88,8	62)	\$ 9,170	\$	9,322	\$	-	\$	4,630	\$	(65,740)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

			Variance from Budget Over
_	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Revenues			
Property taxes	å 2.004.700		d (252.564)
Property tax revenue	\$ 2,694,732	\$ 2,442,168	\$ (252,564)
Road and bridge tax	8,000	11,731	3,731
Total property taxes	2,702,732	2,453,899	(248,833)
Intergovernmental revenues			
Personal property replacement tax	138,216	130,088	(8,128)
State income tax	910,000	908,363	(1,637)
State sales tax	824,331	754,766	(69,565)
Total intergovernmental revenues	1,872,547	1,793,217	(79,330)
Other taxes			
Race track - admission	5,000	-	(5,000)
Race track - parking tax	5,000	4,320	(680)
Utility tax - electricity	328,440	345,019	16,579
Utility tax - gas	491,640	513,929	22,289
Utility tax - telephone	144,593	107,135	(37,458)
Franchise tax	128,520	68,857	(59,663)
Real estate transfer tax	160,000	125,505	(34,495)
Semi-trailer storage tax	-	449	449
Video gaming tax	103,714	89,153	(14,561)
Total other taxes	1,366,907	1,254,367	(112,540)
Licenses and permits			
Licenses - business	100,000	137,064	37,064
Licenses - liquor	13,000	14,825	1,825
Licenses - cigarette	300	200	(100)
Licenses - tank	20,000	21,145	1,145
Licenses - truck	19,000	18,928	(72)
Licenses - animal	3,200	3,105	(95)
Licenses - amusement/machines	45,000	34,300	(10,700)
Permits - building	120,000	87,371	(32,629)
Licenses - auto	74,000	70,900	(3,100)
License - motorcycle	408	330	(78)
Gasoline tax	160,000	138,629	(21,371)
Total licenses and permits	554,908	526,797	(28,111)

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)
Fines and fees			
Garbage disposal fees	285,600	310,119	24,519
Police fines	300,000	480,266	180,266
Real estate exempt fees	2,040	1,375	(665)
Ambulance fees	200,000	120,316	(79,684)
Entertainment fees	2,652	75	(2,577)
Real estate inspection fees	12,000	9,375	(2,625)
Total fines and fees	802,292	921,526	119,234
Special events			
Special events	8,160	150	(8,010)
Parks and recreation	9,180	14,071	4,891
Total special events	17,340	14,221	(3,119)
Miscellaneous			
Miscellaneous	66,300	157,416	91,116
Rental of tower	45,900	155,768	109,868
Sale of property	-	58,562	58,562
Reimbursement sidewalk program	15,430	9,310	(6,120)
Miscellaneous - police department	35,700	1,220	(34,480)
Miscellaneous - fire department	6,324	6,774	450
Total miscellaneous	169,654	389,050	219,396
Grant revenue	61,200		(61,200)
Investment income	5,247	10,464	5,217
Total revenues	\$ 7,552,827	\$ 7,363,541	\$ (189,286)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)	
Expenditures				
Executive & legislative				
Salary - village president	\$ 21,500	\$ 21,500	\$ -	
Salary - trustees	43,200	43,200	· -	
Salary - liquor commissioner	3,500	3,500	-	
Total executive & legislative	68,200	68,200	-	
Administration				
Salary - village clerk	17,000	17,000	_	
Salary - treasurer/collector	52,000	50,934	(1,066)	
Salary - office clerks	109,002	100,941	(8,061)	
Salary - building inspector	35,000	15,450	(19,550)	
Compensation electrical inspector	7,500	1,400	(6,100)	
Compensation police and fire			,	
board of commissioners	9,000	7,750	(1,250)	
Police and fire board of			,	
commissioners expenses	2,000	1,130	(870)	
Postage, stationary and supplies	8,000	34,179	26,179	
Purchase of license supplies	6,000	-	(6,000)	
Membership and expenses IL				
Municipal League	2,500	22,268	19,768	
Printing and publishing	5,500	17,160	11,660	
Cost of preparing and publishing				
financial statements	500	-	(500)	
Education and training	1,000	-	(1,000)	
Employee insurance	85,000	48,205	(36,795)	
Computer maintenance and service	30,000	36,773	6,773	
Zoning board of appeals	1,000	-	(1,000)	
Revision and recodification of ordinances	2,200	3,379	1,179	
Plumbing inspection service	6,000	3,560	(2,440)	
WCMC membership and expenses	12,500	10,601	(1,899)	
Total administration	391,702	370,730	(20,972)	
Professional services				
Legal services	150,000	162,010	12,010	
Village prosecutor	9,000	15,314	6,314	
Other professional fees	4,000	2,801	(1,199)	
Lobbyist	36,000	36,000	-	
Engineering services	25,000	9,616	(15,384)	
Total professional services	224,000	225,741	1,741	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Dudant	Astrol	Variance from Budget Over
Police department	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Salary - police chief	101,475	101,774	299
Salary - deputy police	98,708	104,065	5,357
Salary - deputy police Salary - police sergeants	379,244	438,274	59,030
Salary - patrolmen	952,800	956,652	3,852
Salary - special police	177,000	130,701	(46,299)
Salary - radio clerks	173,000	377,791	204,791
Salary ordinance officer	36,720	25,952	(10,768)
Dispatch fees	95,000	-	(95,000)
Maintenance motor equipment	34,000	43,535	9,535
Maintenance communications	34,000	43,333	3,333
equipment	30,000	37,643	7,643
Office supplies	5,000	1,741	(3,259)
Equipment/supplies	20,000	18,839	(1,161)
Motor fuel	40,000	48,056	8,056
Education and training	15,000	20,733	5,733
Employee insurance	270,932	482,292	211,360
Maintenance of gun range	3,000	7,323	4,323
Clothing allowance	17,650	20,390	2,740
Adjudication	42,000	47,533	5,533
Maintenance and services	27,570	-	(27,570)
Animal control contractual service	500	-	(500)
Adjudication hearing officer	9,000	-	(9,000)
Police officers holiday pay	95,000	47,052	(47,948)
Total police department	2,623,599	2,910,346	286,747
Fire department			
Salary - fire chief	100,980	101,019	39
Salary - assistant fire chief	46,022	47,827	1,805
Salary - firemen	1,037,015	951,388	(85,627)
Salary - fire inspector	15,000	7,118	(7,882)
MABAS Division XI dues	10,000	10,000	-
Stationary, printing and office supplies	4,000	2,912	(1,088)
Motor fuel	10,000	29,611	19,611
Maintenance motor equipment	35,000	32,011	(2,989)
Maintenance communications equipment	10,000	-	(10,000)
Operating supplies	24,000	16,222	(7,778)
Education and training cost	20,000	19,011	(989)
Purchase of fire fighting clothing	20,000	17,274	(2,726)
Purchase of operating equipment	30,000	6,045	(23,955)
E.V.P. system	1,000	1,424	424
Medical examinations	10,000	19,108	9,108
Computer maintenance and services	11,506	14,971	3,465
Ambulance billing service	12,000	11,089	(911)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

			Variance from Budget Over
	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Breathing apparatus	12,000	3,481	(8,519)
Fire equipment grants	-	6,035	6,035
Employee insurance	48,768	35,830	(12,938)
Total fire department	1,457,291	1,332,376	(124,915)
Public works			
Salary - village supervisor	47,500	50,834	3,334
Salaries - public works	136,082	324,520	188,438
Employee insurance	72,528	94,054	21,526
Office supplies	1,000	3,019	2,019
Material repairing streets	7,000	14,363	7,363
Material repairing alleys	15,000	6,445	(8,555)
Repairing public walks	5,000	-	(5,000)
Repairing public walks 50/50	25,000	40,483	15,483
Trimming and removal of trees	75,000	56,408	(18,592)
Maintenance motor equipment	23,000	30,489	7,489
Computer maintenance	3,000	2,345	(655)
Traffic regulations and street signals	10,000	20,620	10,620
Material street snow removal	5,000	3,170	(1,830)
Maintenance supplies	4,000	35,202	31,202
Maintenance equipment	7,000	29,780	22,780
Energy maintenance, alley repair			
and street lights	65,000	-	(65,000)
Maintenance of private property	6,000	6,922	922
Total public works	507,110	718,654	211,544
Public building & grounds			
Salary - buildings and grounds	22,500	58,487	35,987
Heat/electric - village hall	7,000	19,678	12,678
Telephone services	50,000	51,645	1,645
Maintenance public recreation	-	-	-
Maintenance and repair of building	50,000	68,052	18,052
Supplies	8,000	11,877	3,877
Security and fire system	22,000	21,328	(672)
Total public building & grounds	159,500	231,067	71,567
Miscellaneous	7,500	434	(7,066)
Sanitation department			
Salaries - public works	46,894	-	(46,894)
Waste management	313,140	324,041	10,901
Maintenance and repair of			
motorized equipment	10,000	31,983	21,983
Motor fuel	2,500	7,515	5,015

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget	Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)
Materials and supplies	1,000	6,284	5,284
Disposal services	2,500	, -	(2,500)
Uniforms	6,000	7,397	1,397
Medical examinations	1,000	, -	(1,000)
Containers and recycling bins	1,000	8,981	7,981
Total sanitation department	384,034	386,201	2,167
Insurance	195,000	175,393	(19,607)
Auditing	13,875	27,750	13,875
Municipal retirement			
Municipal retirement	138,000	164,689	26,689
FICA and Medicare tax	175,000	176,049	1,049
Unemployment tax	7,500	3,848	(3,652)
Total municipal retirement	320,500	344,586	24,086
Contributions to pension fund	1,023,865	1,004,073	(19,792)
Parks & recreation			
Maintenance & supplies	15,000	7,490	(7,510)
Donations	8,000	6,099	(1,901)
Activities	11,790	22,872	11,082
Equipment	5,000	6,761	1,761
Total parks & recreation	39,790	43,222	3,432
Transfers to capital projects	400,000	400,000	
Total expenditures	\$ 7,815,966	\$ 8,238,773	\$ 422,807

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	-	ginal and al Budget	 Actual	fro	ariance m Budget Over Under)
Revenues					
911 surcharge	\$	67,000	\$ 75,286	\$	8,286
Total revenues		67,000	75,286		8,286
Expenditures					
Maintenance of systems		16,000	56,407		40,407
Professional services		-	44,917		44,917
Total expenditures		16,000	101,324		85,324
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers (out)		-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	51,000	 (26,038)	\$	(77,038)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			35,208		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ 9,170		

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY POLICE SEIZURE AND FOREITURE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		A	Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues							
Seizures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Reserves		-		-		-	
Interest income						_	
Total revenues				-		<u>-</u>	
Expenditures							
Equipment		-	-	6,977		6,977	
Total expenditures				6,977		6,977	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-		(6,977)	\$	(6,977)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				16,299			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	9,322			

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY FAMILY DAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues			 			
Program revenues	\$	20,000	\$ 21,759	\$	1,759	
Total revenues		20,000	 21,759		1,759	
Expenditures						
Program expenditures		20,000	31,052		11,052	
Total expenditures		20,000	31,052		11,052	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-	-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance			 (9,293)		(9,293)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year			 9,293			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$ -			

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance from Budget Over (Under)		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	793,960	\$	900,907	\$	106,947	
Interest income		100		6,439		6,339	
Total revenues		794,060		907,346		113,286	
Expenditures Principal		641,980		490,000		(151,980)	
Interest		151,980		303,960		151,980)	
Bond Issuance Costs		131,960		156,500		156,500	
		793,960		950,460		156,500	
Total expenditures		793,900		930,400		130,300	
Operating income (loss)		100		(43,114)		(43,214)	
Other Financing Sources (uses)							
Bond Proceeds		-		5,965,000		5,965,000	
Bond Premium		-		645,561		645,561	
Bond Refinancing		-		(6,454,061)		(6,454,061)	
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		-		156,500		156,500	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	100		113,386	\$	113,286	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				484,018			
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	597,404			

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance from Budget Over (Under)	
Revenues						
Grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investment income		_		2,017		2,017
Total revenues		-		2,017		2,017
Expenditures Equipment and other						
Capital expenditures		382,044		474,108		92,064
Total expenditures		382,044		474,108		92,064
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		400,000		400,000		_
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	400,000		400,000		
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	-	400,000		400,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	17,956		(72,091)	\$	90,047
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year				(16,771)		
Fund Balance at End of Year			\$	(88,862)		

VILLAGE OF STICKNEY, ILLINOIS WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES

IN NET POSITION - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Original and		Variance from Budget Over
	Final Budget	Actual	(Under)
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	4	4 000 400	4 (07.057)
Water - residential	\$ 1,036,000	\$ 1,008,133	\$ (27,867)
Water - commercial	368,816	453,561	84,745
Water - industrial	2,261,639	2,199,144	(62,495)
Miscellaneous	5,500	3,567	(1,933)
Recycling revenue Total operating revenues	1,700 3,673,655	2,175 3,666,580	<u>475</u> (7,075)
Operating Expenses			
Purchase of water	2,030,800	2,185,776	154,976
Electric power reservoir	35,000	48,911	13,911
Meters and connections	100,000	45,702	(54,298)
Materials and supplies	5,000	9,189	4,189
Contractual rep system	130,000	116,859	(13,141)
Salary - supervisor	45,000	40,970	(4,030)
Computer upgrade	9,000	2,112	(6,888)
Salary - water department	242,000	189,196	(52,804)
Salary - treasurer/collector	52,000	52,089	89
Salary - office clerk	98,000	107,779	9,779
Office supplies, postage	7,200	2,056	(5,144)
Telephone services	10,000	9,944	(56)
Maintenance - office equipment	2,000	5,377	3,377
Maintenance - pump station	5,000	2,335	(2,665)
Auditing services	13,875	-	(13,875)
Operating equipment	6,000	12,221	6,221
Motor fuel costs	3,000	3,558	558
Maintenance - motor equipment	2,500	3,939	1,439
Insurance	40,000	40,000	· -
Heating fuel	1,500	-	(1,500)
Rental - sanitary district	100	-	(100)
Premium life, health, accident insurance	80,000	41,767	(38,233)
IL Municipal Retirement	45,000	84,049	39,049
Contingencies	2,500	100	(2,400)
Fire hydrants	30,000	12,442	(17,558)
Maintenance - computer	5,000	-	(5,000)
Lead treat/water sample	2,500	2,493	(7)
Unemployment tax	1,000	130	(870)
FICA/Medicare tax	33,000	25,247	(7,753)
Sewer cleaning	7,500	51,467	43,967
Water main repairs	-	-	-
Sewer repairs/maintenance	45,000	-	(45,000)
Engineering service	-	6,213	6,213
Events	-	475	475
Depreciation	115,000	107,490	(7,510)
Total operating expenses	3,204,475	3,209,886	5,411
Operating income (loss)	469,180	456,694	(12,486)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Investment income	2,500	15,954	13,454
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,500	15,954	13,454
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 471,680	472,648	\$ 968
Net Position at Beginning of Year		4,165,497	
Net Position at End of Year		\$ 4,638,145	